

4-3-00

Ex. Mail No. EL367544603US

A

Orrin M. Haugen
Eric O. Haugen

HAUGEN LAW FIRM PLLP

1130 TCF Tower
121 South Eighth Street
Minneapolis, MN 55402

Patents
Trademarks
Copyrights
Unfair Competition

Telephone 612-339-8300 • Facsimile 612-339-8200

March 31, 2000

Our File No. 2000-0462.ORI

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Box PATENT APPLICATION

The Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D. C. 20231

Sir:

Enclosed herewith for filing is the patent application of inventor,
John Charles Lowe, for "WOVEN FABRIC" together with the following:

- (1) One copy of 1 sheet of formal drawings;
- (2) The Declaration, Power of Attorney and Petition
executed by the inventor;
- (3) An assignment of the invention to J & J Cash Limited,
executed by the inventor; and
- (4) The filing and recording fees thereon are calculated
as follows:


Basic Fee	\$ 690.00
Fee for recording assignment	\$ <u>40.00</u>
Total Filing and Recording Fee	\$ 730.00

A check in the amount of \$730.00 is enclosed to cover the filing
and recording fees.

The Commissioner is authorized to charge any fees or refund any
overpayment under 37 CFR 1.16 and 1.17 which may be required by
this paper to Deposit Account No. 50-0789.

Yours very truly,

HAUGEN LAW FIRM PLLP


Orrin M. Haugen

OMH/dls
Enclosures

{3808.DOC}

03/31/00



JCS64 U.S. PTO
09/540853



03/31/00

WOVEN FABRIC

The present invention relates to a woven fabric, in particular but not exclusively a woven label, incorporating a woven in machine-readable code.

5

The present invention also relates to a process for producing woven fabric, in particular labels, incorporating a woven in machine-readable code.

- 10 According to one aspect of the present invention there is provided a woven fabric, in particular a label, having a region formed from a ground weave which defines a background, said region including an array of spaced apart dots formed by yarns exposed on the surface of the ground weave, said array of spaced apart dots collectively defining a machine-
- 15 readable code.

Preferably the dots are defined by weft yarns which contrast with the background defined by the ground weave.

- 20 In a first embodiment, the dots are spaced apart in both the warp and weft directions to define a two dimensional machine-readable code.
- Preferably for the first embodiment each dot is of the same size and is defined by a predetermined number of adjacent wefts which float over a predetermined number of adjacent warps to define a dot of a
- 25 predetermined shape. Preferably said predetermined shape of each dot is generally square.

As an example the square shape of each dot is formed by two adjacent wefts extending across three adjacent warps.

30

Preferably for the first embodiment the array of dots is arranged in a predetermined number of rows and columns, the spacing between adjacent rows being preferably 2 wefts and the spacing between adjacent columns being preferably 3 warps.

5

In a second embodiment the dots are spaced in the weft direction only to define warp extending columns spaced apart in the weft direction and thereby define a one dimensional machine-readable code, commonly referred to as a bar code.

10

For the second embodiment the dots in each column are formed by dot forming weft yarns floating over the same number of warps in order to produce a bar of a desired width extending in the warp direction.

15

For both embodiments, the dot forming yarn from which the dots are formed is chosen to provide a contrast with the ground weave such that a machine is able to detect the presence of the dots on the surface of the ground weave. Accordingly the yarn for forming the dots may be of any type which achieves this function.

20

For example the dot forming yarn may be of a colour which contrasts with the colour of the ground weave. With such an arrangement the array of dots is visible on the surface of the ground weave.

25

Alternatively, the dot forming yarn may be invisible under normal white light but is detectable under a different light, eg. ultraviolet light. With such an arrangement the array of dots would be not be visible on the surface of the ground weave under normal white light conditions.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a process for producing woven fabric, in particular labels, the process comprising weaving a ground weave from weft and warp yarns, and at a predetermined region of the fabric selectively introducing dot forming
5 yarns to create an array of dots on the surface of said ground weave to define a machine-readable code.

Preferably the fabric is woven on a loom having a jacquard for controlling shedding of warp yarns and preferably at least in said region the jacquard
10 is arranged to selectively control shedding of individual warp yarns.

Preferably the jacquard is electronically controlled by a computer which is programmed to provide the pattern information for generating the desired array of dots in said region.
15 The computer may be arranged to provide the same array of dots for each successively woven region or may be arranged to provide a different array of dots for each successively woven region.

The loom may be a narrow fabric loom or a broadloom.
20

When producing labels, it is envisaged that a ribbon of successive labels will be produced and that more than one ribbon may be simultaneously produced across the width of the loom. The individual ribbons may be woven separately side by side, for example on a twin rapier needle loom,
25 or may be joined whilst being woven to form a sheet and then subsequently separated, for example by slitting.

When producing more than one ribbon of labels simultaneously, it is envisaged that the jacquard may be controlled so as to weave the same or

different arrays of dots in said regions which are being simultaneously woven across the loom.

Various aspects of the present invention are hereinafter described with reference to the accompanying drawings in which :-

Figure 1 is a plan view of a label according to an embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a diagrammatic view of a weave showing part of an array of dots which form a two dimensional machine-readable code;

Figure 3 is a diagrammatic view of a weave showing part of any array of dots which form a one dimensional machine-readable code;

Figure 4 is a schematic view of part of a sheet of woven fabric containing a plurality of side by side ribbons of labels according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to Figure 1 there is shown a label 10 according to an embodiment of the present invention. The label is of a woven construction, the warp direction being shown as Wp and the weft direction being shown as Wt.

The body 11 of the label 10 is formed by a ground weave and within the body 11 there is provided a machine readable code region 14 which is defined by an array of dots 16.

The body 11 of the label 10 is formed by a ground weave which produces a surface appearance which is suitable for reading by an optical scanner.

Preferably such a weave is a tight weave which provides a consistent background for the scanner; the choice of yarns and/or weave preferably being such as to provide a dull or matt appearance. Accordingly, textured

yarns are preferably used for both the warp and weft. Also, the weave structure is preferably a plain weave, such as for example taffeta.

As more clearly seen in Figure 2, in a first embodiment the dots 16 are defined by dot forming weft yarn which is floated across adjacent warps 20 (shown as broken lines) to define a float 21 lying on the surface of the ground weave.

In Figure 2 each dot 16 is formed from one or more adjacent floats 21 in order to define a dot of a shape and size which is capable of being machine read. Preferably each dot 16 is generally square in shape and is preferably defined by two adjacent floats 21 which extend across three adjacent warps 20.

As shown in Figure 2, for defining a two dimensional machine readable code the dots 16 are spaced apart in both the warp Wp and weft Wt directions to reside in spaced apart columns and spaced apart rows. For defining a two dimensional machine-readable code, the dots 16 are preferably of the same size and shape.

As shown in Figure 3, for defining a one dimensional machine-readable code the dots 16 are spaced in the weft direction and arranged in spaced apart columns only. The columns extend in the warp direction Wp and define spaced apart bars 18. The dots 16 in each column are formed from floats 21 which float across the same number of adjacent warps in order to provide a bar of the desired width. Adjacent bars are spaced apart in the weft direction Wt by a desired number of adjacent warps 20. The floats 21 are formed in successive weft insertions such that all floats 21 in each are closely spaced from their neighbouring features.

The size of each dot 16 is chosen to provide a size which is suitable for reading by an optical scanner. Accordingly each dot 16 may be formed by any suitable number of weft yarns extending over any suitable number of warp yarns. In an extreme example, in order to produce a very small dot, it is envisaged that the dot 16 may be formed by a single weft extending over a single warp.

An example of a label incorporating dots 16 of approximately 0.5 mm square is given below.

10

Example

A clearly defined dot of approximate size 0.5 mm square can be achieved using the following combination of warp and weft yarns.

15

Weave Structure	Taffeta
Number of warps	3
Warp yarn	110 dtex textured polyester
Warp Yarn Density	6 threads/mm
20 Number of wefts	2
Weft yarn	110 dtex textured polyester
Weft Yarn Density	3 threads/mm

The body 11 of label 10 may include other information carrying regions. For example the label 10 is shown including a generic information region 30 which carries the same information on different labels. For example, the generic region 30 may contain a manufacturers name and/or logo. Label 10 is also shown having a specific information carrying region 32 which carries different information on different labels. For example, the labels may be used to identify a garment size or garments belonging to

individual employees in a company and region 32 carries the size or the name of a specific employee.

Preferably, labels 10 are produced on a narrow fabric loom or a
5 broadloom having an electronically controlled jacquard. The loom includes weft yarn selection to enable different weft yarns to be selectively inserted into the weave when required.

The labels may be produced on a narrow fabric loom as one or more
10 discrete ribbons each comprising a string of labels having selvages.

Alternatively, as seen in figure 4 the labels may be produced on a narrow fabric loom or a broadloom in a sheet so comprising joined ribbons 51 of
15 labels which are subsequently slit into discrete ribbons.

The jacquard is preferably arranged to control individual warps at least for those warps passing through regions 14 and where provided, regions 32. This enables the jacquard to control shedding of the warps in these regions for providing unique information in region 14 (and region 32, if provided)
20 for labels being woven simultaneously across the width of the loom.

Preferably the ground weave defines a background that gives a strong contrast against the yarn forming the dot.

25 It is envisaged that other dot forming yarns may be used which are invisible in white light but contrast with the background weave under different light, eg ultraviolet light. A suitable yarn would perhaps have fluorescent properties.

In the above example, the weft is floated across adjacent warps in order to define a dot 16. It is envisaged that as an alternative, the warp may be floated across adjacent wefts in order to define a dot 16.

CLAIMS

1. A woven fabric, in particular a label, having a region formed from a ground weave which defines a background, said region including an array of spaced apart dots formed by yarns exposed on the surface of the ground weave, said array of spaced apart dots collectively defining a machine-readable code.
2. A woven fabric according to Claim 1 wherein the dots are spaced apart in both the warp and weft directions to define a two dimensional machine readable code.
3. A woven fabric according to Claim 2 wherein each dot is of the same size.
4. A woven fabric according to Claim 3 wherein each dot is defined by a predetermined number of adjacent wefts which float over a predetermined number of adjacent warps to define a dot of a predetermined shape.
5. A woven fabric according to Claim 4 wherein said predetermined shape is square.
6. A woven fabric according to any of claims 2 to 5 wherein the array of dots is arranged in a predetermined number of rows and columns.
7. A woven fabric according to Claim 1 wherein the dots are spaced in the weft direction only to define warp extending columns spaced apart in the weft direction and thereby define a one dimensional machine-readable code.

8. A process for producing a woven fabric, in particular labels, the process comprising weaving a ground weave from weft and warp yarns, and at a predetermined region of the fabric selectively introducing dot forming yarns to create an array of dots on the surface of said ground
5 weave to define a machine-readable code.

9. A process according to Claim 8 wherein the fabric is woven on a loom having a jacquard for controlling shedding of warp yarns and preferably at least in said region the jacquard is arranged to selectively
10 control shedding of individual warp yarns.

10. A process according to Claim 9 wherein the jacquard is electronically controlled by a computer to provide the pattern information for generating the desired array of dots in said region, the computer being
15 arranged to provide the same array of dots for each successively woven region or being arranged to provide a different array of dots for each successively woven region.

11. A process according to Claim 9 or 10 wherein a plurality of
20 ribbons of successive labels are simultaneously produced, the jacquard being controlled to weave the same or different arrays of dots in said regions which are being simultaneously woven across the loom.

ABSTRACT
WOVEN FABRIC

A woven fabric, in particular a label, having a region formed from
5 a ground weave which defines a background, said region including an
array of spaced apart dots formed by yarns exposed on the surface of the
ground weave, said array of spaced apart dots collectively defining a
machine-readable code.

figure 1

1/1

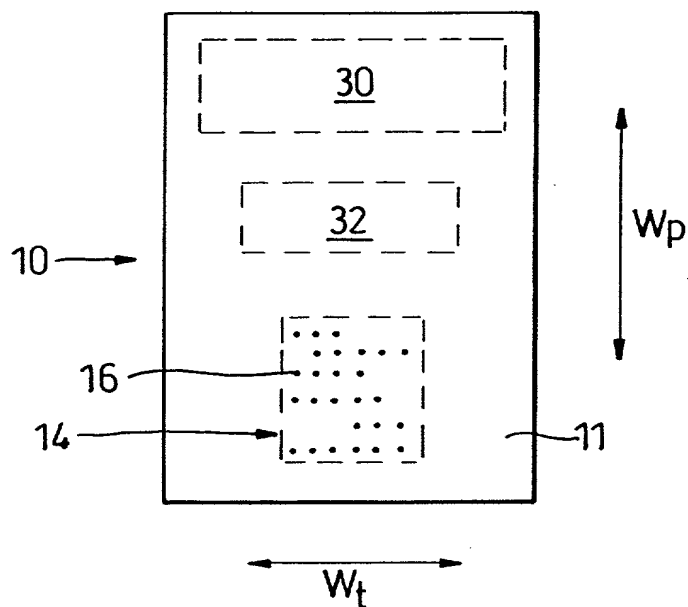


Fig. 1

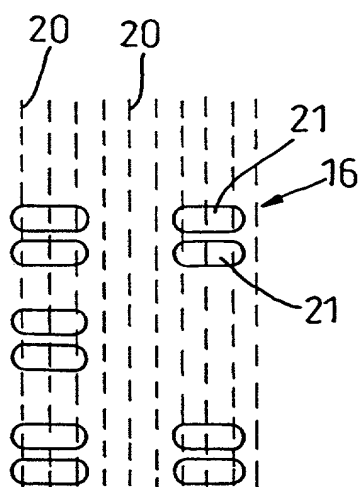


Fig. 2

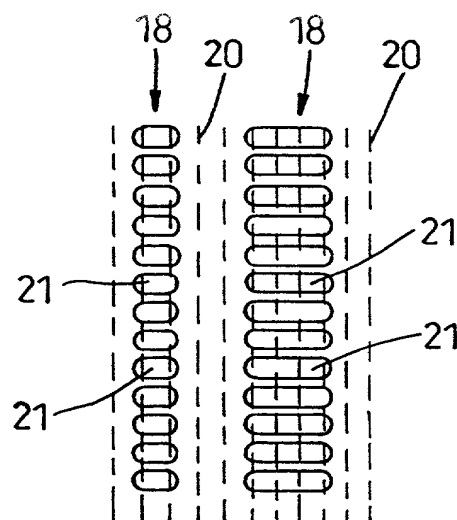


Fig. 3

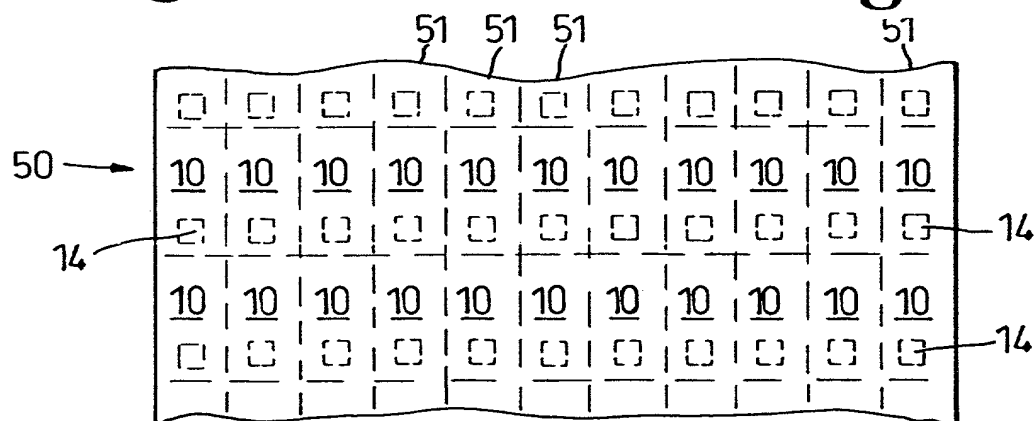


Fig. 4

ATTORNEY FILE NO. 2000-0462.ORI

DECLARATION, POWER OF ATTORNEY, AND PETITION

I, John Charles Lowe, a citizen of Britain, and residing at Torrington Avenue, Coventry, CV4 9UZ, United Kingdom, hereby declare that: my residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated above next to my name; and that I verily believe I am the original, first and sole inventor of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled "Woven Fabric", the specification of which is attached hereto.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or of any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed by me on the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed:

Priority is being claimed to Great Britain Patent Application Serial No. 9922025.3 filed September 18, 1999 and European Patent Application Serial No. 00300224.3 filed January 13, 2000.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the specification including the claims as amended by any amendment specifically referred to in the Oath or Declaration.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby appoint HAUGEN LAW FIRM PLLP, a professional limited liability partnership, consisting of the following attorneys/agents and the following attorneys/agents individually: Orrin M. Haugen, Registration No. 17,972, of 121 South Eighth Street, Suite 1130, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402; Telephone No. (612) 339-8300, my attorneys/agents with full power of substitution and revocation to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith.

Please direct all telephone calls and correspondence to: Orrin M. Haugen, Esq. at HAUGEN LAW FIRM PLLP, 121 South Eighth Street, Suite 1130, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such

willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Date: 6 March 2000

Name: J. Charles Lowe
John Charles ~~Lowe~~
Torrington Avenue,
Coventry, CV4 9UZ
United Kingdom

Express Mail No. EL367544603US

PATENT APPLICATION

Docket No. 2000-0462.ORI



IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Re App : John Charles Lowe

: March 31, 2000

For : WOVEN FABRIC

CERTIFICATE OF MAILING VIA EXPRESS MAIL

BOX PATENT APPLICATIONS
Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks
Washington, D. C. 20231

Sir:

I hereby certify that the attached patent application, one copy of 1 sheet of patent drawings, an executed Declaration, Power of Attorney, and Petition, an Assignment and Recordation Form Cover Sheet, a transmittal cover letter, and a check in the amount of \$730.00 in payment of the filing fee, are being deposited with the United States Postal Service "Express Mail Post Office to Addressee" service under 37 CFR 1.10 on the date indicated above and are addressed to: BOX PATENT APPLICATIONS, Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D. C. 20231, under Express Mail Post Office to Addressee Label No. EL367544603US.

Respectfully submitted,

HAUGEN LAW FIRM PLLP

Denise L. Siede
On Behalf of Orrin M. Haugen
Attorney for Applicant
1130 TCF Tower
121 South Eighth Street
Minneapolis, MN 55402
(612) 339-8300